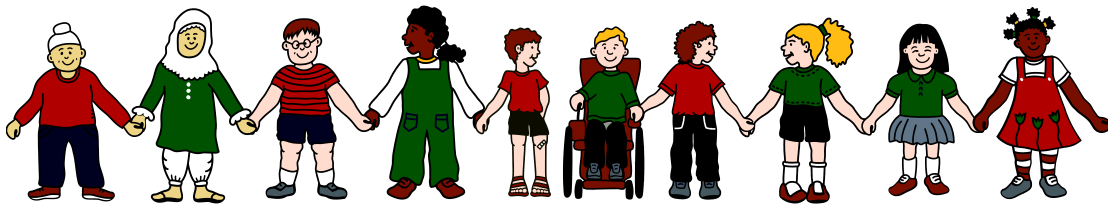


**THE GILES
NURSERY
AND
INFANTS' SCHOOL**



Sun Safety Policy

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Sun Safety Policy

Introduction

At The Giles Nursery and Infants' School we hope staff and pupils will enjoy the sun safely whilst respecting the need to protect against its potentially harmful effects. As part of this sun safety policy, we will work with staff, pupils and parents/carers to achieve this through education, offering protection and timetabling adjustments.

Aim

The aim of this sun safety policy is to educate children and staff at The Giles Nursery and Infants' School about the skin damage caused by the harmful effects of ultraviolet radiation from the sun.

The main elements of this policy are:

- Protection: providing an environment that enables pupils and staff to stay safe in the sun.
- Education: learning about sun safety to increase knowledge and influence behaviour.
- Partnership: working with parents/carers, governors, the school nursing team and the wider community to reinforce awareness about sun safety and promote a healthy school.

To ensure that children and staff are protected from skin damage caused by the harmful ultra-violet rays in sunlight.

As part of the sun safety policy, The Giles Nursery and Infants' School will:

- Educate children throughout the curriculum about the causes of skin cancer and how to protect their skin.
- Encourage children to wear loose-fitting clothes that provide good sun protection.
- Encourage children to keep out of the sun between 11:00 am and 3:00 pm.
- Hold outdoor activities in areas of shade wherever possible, e.g., towards the outer perimeter of the field where trees offer natural shade and encourage children to use these shady areas during breaks and games lessons.
- Encourage staff to find shady areas for children when out of school on visits and trips.
- Work towards increasing the provision of adequate shade for everybody.
- Encourage staff and parents to act as good role models by practicing sun safety and ensuring they supply a proper sun hat/cap.
- Regularly remind children, staff and parents about sun safety through newsletters, posters, parents', and activities for pupils.
- Invite relevant professional (school nurses and health promotion officers) to advise the school on sun safety.
- Make sure the sun safety is working in practice by regularly monitoring our curriculum, access to shade, and review the sun safety behaviour of our children and staff through the use of hats, sun cream, seeking out shade, etc.

Suggestions to help cope with hot weather

- Pupils to wear appropriate caps and hats (e.g. with extra neck coverage) when outside.
- Pupils encouraged to apply factor 30+ sun cream, regardless of ethnicity, hair or skin colour which needs to be applied before school by parents or carers and so should

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be long-lasting.

- Teachers should make a judgement as to the temperature of classrooms and make internal arrangements to teach in cooler areas where possible.
- Teachers should encourage pupils to drink water and ensure the children can refill their bottles if needed. We recommend a named bottle, filled daily with still water.
- Where possible, all doors and windows should be opened to provide a through breeze and classroom blinds should be drawn.
- Turn off non-essential lights and electrical equipment as they generate heat.
- PE lessons will be carefully planned to avoid undue or lengthy sun exposure, unnecessary exertion and dehydration. In extreme weather, PE lessons will be short and children will be given time to rest and drink water.
- Sports Day will be determined by preceding days' climate. Children spectating should not do so for more than 20 minutes at a time if unable to access sufficient shade.
- Children with asthma, breathing difficulties or other relevant health conditions should avoid excessive physical exertion. Staff must be aware of children who have a low tolerance to hot/humid conditions.
- Education will be provided to encourage parents/carers to follow these procedures at home.
- Staff must also ensure they drink water regularly and take precautions against the effects of high temperatures and over-exposure to the sun.
- Where medicines are needed to be refrigerated, they will be kept below 25 degrees where storage instructions indicate this is a necessity.

In rare cases, extreme heat or sun can cause heatstroke.

Heatstroke symptoms to look out for include:

- Cramp in arms, legs or stomach; feeling of mild confusion or weakness.

If anyone has these symptoms, they should rest for several hours, keep cool and drink water or fruit juice.

If symptoms get worse or do not go away medical advice should be sought. NHS Direct is available on 111.

If you suspect a member of staff or pupil has become seriously ill, call an ambulance. Inform the school office and a member of the senior leadership team. If possible, enlist the help of a member of staff who is a qualified first aider. Whilst waiting for an ambulance:

- If possible, move the person somewhere cooler.
- Increase ventilation by opening windows or using a fan.
- Cool them down as quickly as possible by loosening their clothes, sprinkling them with cold water or wrapping them in a damp sheet.
- If they are conscious, give them water or fruit juice to drink.
- Do not give paracetamol.

Further information

Check the weather forecast and any high temperature warnings at www.metoffice.gov.uk

For further information about how to protect your health during a heat wave visit NHS Choices at www.nhs.uk/summerhealth

Advice on ways to minimise ultraviolet ray induced skin and eye damage can be found at https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data

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[ta/file/310608/10091-2902332-TSO-Looking_after_yourself_ACCESSIBLE.pdf](#)

Cancer Research UK SunSmart policy

<http://www.sunsmart.org.uk/schools/schools-and-sun-protection>